ADOPTION OF AN AMENDMENT TO CHAPTER 112.1 (ZONING) OF THE 1976 CODE OF THE COUNTY OF FAIRFAX, VIRGINIA

At a regular meeting of the Board of Supervisors of Fairfax County, Virginia, held in the Board Auditorium, Lobby Level, Government Center Building, 12000 Government Center Parkway, Fairfax, Virginia, on Tuesday, January 24, 2023, the Board after having first given notice of its intention so to do, in the manner prescribed by law, adopted an amendment to Chapter 112.1 (Zoning) of the 1976 Code of the County of Fairfax, Virginia, said amendment so adopted being in the words and figures following:

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF FAIRFAX COUNTY, VIRGINIA:

Amend Chapter 112.1 (Zoning Ordinance), as follows:

Add a note in the Lot and Building Standards tables for each commercial zoning district to include a reference to subsection 3102.3.C(2)(a) for the front setback and renumber Notes as needed. Table 2103.1, note 4, is shown below for illustration, but the change applies to the following tables as well: 2103.2, 2103.3, 2103.4, 2103.5, 2103.6, 2103.7, and 2103.8.

able 2103.	1: C-1 Lot and Building Standards [1]	
Lot are	a, minimum [2]	20,000 sq. ft.
Lot wid	dth, minimum [2]	100 feet
Landso	aped open space, minimum [3]	50 percent of the gross area
Front s	etback, minimum [4]	Setback equal to building height
Side se	tback, minimum	No requirement
Rear se	etback, minimum	25 feet
Buildin	g height, maximum	35 feet
Floor a	rea ratio, maximum	0.25

Notes:

- [1] Refer to subsection 5108.6 for provisions that may qualify the setback requirements.
- [2] Lot area and lot width may be modified in accordance with subsection 5100.2.K.
- [3] Open space is calculated in accordance with subsection 5100.3.A(3).
- [4] Refer to subsection 3102.3.C(2)(a) for front setback provisions in Commercial Revitalization Districts.
- [5] Freestanding accessory structures are regulated by subsection 4102.7.A.

Revise subsection 2105.1.C(2) to delete "of," as shown below.

(2) The planned development must be designed to achieve the stated purpose of the planned development district more than would development under a conventional zoning district.

Revise subsection 3102.3.E(2)(b) to specify that the fee for a parking reduction is contained in Appendix Q and to correct a typographical error, as shown below.

(2) Parking

The off-street parking, loading, and private street requirements of Article 6 apply, except as follows:

- (a) In the Richmond Highway CRD, the minimum off-street parking requirements for all nonresidential uses may be reduced by 20 percent.
- (b) In all other CRDs, the minimum off-street parking requirements for nonresidential uses may be reduced by up to 20 percent by the Board, subject to conditions it deems appropriate. The applicant must demonstrate to the Board that the reduction furthers the goals of the CRD as set forth in the Comprehensive Plan, including economic vitality, appearance and function. A request for this reduction in minimum off-street parking requirements may also be considered in conjunction with a rezoning or special exception application. The parking reduction fee established in Appendix Q of the County Code is not applicable.

Revise subsections 4102.3.D(1), 5101.5.D, 8100.7.D, 9102 (Manufactured Home Park), and 9103 (Short-Term Lodging) to replace "mobile" with "manufactured."

4102.3.D(1):

D. Manufactured Home

Standards applicable to all manufactured homes:

A manufactured home that is to be used as a dwelling is allowed only:

(1) In a manufactured home park in the R-MHP District in accordance with subsection 2102.14, provided that the manufactured home must be licensed in accordance with Chapter 32 of the County Code and bear a certification label or have other verification consistent with the requirements of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development that the manufactured home is constructed in conformance with the Federal Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards in effect on the date of manufacture;

5101.5.D:

D. Provisions for Manufactured Home Parks

To encourage the redevelopment of manufactured home parks to house low and moderate income families in Fairfax County, in conjunction with the review and approval of a rezoning application and proffered generalized development plan, the Board may grant an increase in the number of manufactured homes or dwelling units per acre permitted in the R-MHP District by a factor of 50 percent. Where deemed necessary, as part of that approval for the provision of moderately-priced housing units, the Board may waive other regulations of the R-MHP District and the provisions of subsection 5100.2.E(2) related to lots comprised of marine clays.

8100.7.D:

D. Uses Exempt from a Site Plan or a Minor Site Plan

Unless otherwise required by proffered conditions or development conditions of an approved rezoning, special exception, special permit, or variance, the following uses are not subject to the requirement for a site plan or a minor site plan. Such uses, however, are still subject to all other applicable provisions of this Ordinance, the Public Facilities Manual, and the County Code.

- (1) Single-family detached dwellings and their related accessory uses and structures.
- (2) Additions to single-family attached dwellings and manufactured homes, and related accessory uses and structures.
- (3) Installation of new manufactured homes on existing pads within an existing manufactured home park.

9102:

Manufactured Home Park

A parcel of land designed for use by one or more manufactured homes that provides the infrastructure and utilities necessary for single-family occupancy of those homes. This term does not include sales lots on which unoccupied manufactured homes, whether new or used, are parked for the purposes of inspection and sale.

9103:

Short-Term Lodging

The provision of a room or space that is suitable or intended for transient occupancy, in exchange for a charge for the lodging. This use does not include an accessory living unit, bed and breakfast, hotel or motel, or family health care structure. For purposes of subsection 4102.7.N, Short-Term Lodging, the following definitions apply:

Authorized Agent

An adult designated by a short-term lodging operator who consents to be available to address any issues or emergencies that may arise during any short-term lodging stay.

Permanent Resident

A person who occupies or intends to occupy a dwelling or manufactured home for at least 185 days out of the calendar year for the purposes of establishing the dwelling or manufactured home as that person's primary residence. A person may have only one permanent residence.

Short-Term Lodging Operator

An owner or tenant of a property who offers that property for short-term lodging.

Revise subsections 4102.1.H(6); 4102.4.C(1)(c); 4102.4.J(2); 4102.4.Q(14), (15), and (16); 4102.5.A(7); 4102.5.NN(7); 4102.7.A(5)(e); 4102.7.A(6)(b) - Table 4102.3; 4102.7.F(5); 4102.7.J(7)(b); 5100.2.D(11)(f)4; and 8101.3.F(2) to replace "yard" with "setback," as shown below.

4102.1.H(6):

H. Standards for Alternative Use of Historic Buildings

(6) All off-street parking and loading spaces must be located outside of required minimum side and rear setbacks that abut a residential district, unless modified by the Board.

4102.4.C(1)(c):

C. Child Care Center

- (1) The outdoor recreation area required under Chapter 30 of the County Code must:
 - (c) Occupy less than 80 percent of the combined total areas of the required rear and side setbacks;

4102.4.J(2):

J. School, Private

- (2) If a private school provides an outdoor recreation area, it must:
 - (a) Be developable, designed, and usable for active outdoor recreation purposes;
 - (b) Occupy less than 80 percent of the combined total areas of the required rear and side setbacks;
 - (c) Be located outside the minimum front setback, unless specifically approved by the Board; and
 - (d) Not include any area covered by a building or required for off-street parking in accordance with Article 6.

4102.4.Q(14), (15), and (16):

Q. Independent Living Facility

(14) In residential districts, the maximum building height is 50 feet, except that the maximum building height is 35 feet when the structure is designed to look like a single-family detached dwelling and utilizes the applicable residential district minimum setback requirements set forth below, subject to further limitations by the Board to ensure neighborhood compatibility. For independent living facilities in commercial districts, the maximum building height is as set forth in the district in which they are located.

- (15) For independent living units that are located in a structure designed to look like a single-family detached dwelling unit and located in the R-E, R-1, R-2, R-3, R-4, R-5, or R-8 Districts, the Board may permit compliance with the applicable single-family detached minimum setback requirements of the zoning district in which located. For independent living facilities located in any other structure or district, the minimum front, side, and rear setback requirements must be as follows:
 - (a) 50 feet where the yard abuts or is across a street from an area adopted in the Comprehensive Plan for 0.2 to eight dwelling units per acre.
 - (b) 30 feet where the yard abuts or is across a street from an area adopted in the Comprehensive Plan for a residential use having a density greater than eight dwelling units per acre or any commercial or industrial use classifications.
- (16) In any event, the Board may modify setback requirements in subsection (15) above to ensure compatibility with the surrounding neighborhood.

4102.5.A(7):

A. Animal Shelter or Kennel

(7) In approving a special exception, the Board may impose conditions of approval, such as screening or minimum setback requirements, to prevent adverse impact, emission of noise, or emission of odor that would be detrimental to adjacent properties.

4102.5.NN(7):

NN. Vehicle Fueling Station

(7) Pump islands and associated canopies may be located in any required setback.

4102.7.A(5)(e):

(5) Rear Setback Coverage Limitations

(e) An increase in the limitations on coverage of the minimum rear setback in subsection (a) above may be permitted by special permit in accordance with subsection 8100.4, except where the lot is located in a planned district that is subject to proffered setbacks, in which case an amendment to the development plan is required. Approval of the special permit by the BZA is subject to the following:

4102.7.A(6)(b) - Table 4102.3:

Table 4102.3: Accessory Structure Height and Setback Requirements				
Height of Accessory Structure	Setbacks Required			
11-1-0 F f1	Side: None			
Up to 8.5 feet	Rear: None			
Greater than 8.5 feet	Side: 5 feet [1], [3]			
to 12 feet	Rear: 5 feet [2]			
C	Side: Required side setback of district [3]			
Greater than 12 feet	Rear: Distance in height from rear lot line			

Notes:

- [1] This setback does not apply in commercial and industrial districts if there is no minimum side setback for the district.
- [2] This setback does not apply in industrial districts if there is no minimum required rear setback for the district.
- [3] Although the side setback requirements do not apply to individual single-family attached units except at peripheral lot lines, the setbacks are required for freestanding accessory structures on single-family attached lots.

4102.7.F(5):

F. Family Health Care Structure

(5) Family health care structures are limited to a maximum of 300 square feet of gross floor area and must meet the minimum setback requirements for single-family detached dwellings of the zoning district in which it is located. When located in a Planned Development district, the family health care structure is subject to any proffered setbacks and/or setbacks depicted on an approved development plan. If there are no proffered setbacks or setbacks depicted on an approved development plan in a Planned Development district, the family health care structure will be deemed an alteration to a single-family dwelling unit and subject to subsection 8100.2.E(3)(f).

4102.7.J(7)(b):

J. Keeping of Animals

- (7) The BZA may approve a special permit to modify the provisions of subsections(2) through (6) above, in accordance with the following:
 - (b) The BZA may impose such conditions, to include screening and minimum setbacks, as may be necessary to ensure that there will be no adverse impact on any adjacent property and no emission of noise or odor detrimental to other property in the area.

5100.2.D(11)(f)4:

(11) Reductions in Setback Requirements

- (f) Special Permit Approval for Certain Additions to Existing Single-Family Detached Dwellings
 - single-family detached dwelling may be up to 150 percent of the total gross floor area of the dwelling that existed at the time of the first expansion request. The total gross floor area resulting from any subsequent addition is limited to 150 percent of the gross floor area of the dwelling that existed at the time of the first expansion request, regardless of whether that addition complies with the minimum setback requirements or is the subject of a subsequent setback reduction special permit. No more than 50 percent of the gross floor area of an existing single-family detached dwelling at the time of the first setback reduction may be removed. For the purpose of this subsection, the gross floor area of a single-family dwelling includes the floor area of any attached garage.

8101.3.F(2):

- F. Additional Submission Requirements for Specific Variance Applications
 - (2) Minimum Setbacks for Dwellings

The plat information required by subsections 8101.3.B(1) through B(9), B(11), B(13) and B(14).

In subsection 4102.4.X(2), correct the cross-reference to refer to subsection 4102.4.Y(6), as shown below.

X. Utility Facility, Light

(2) New utility distribution or transmission poles with attached facilities, including small cell facilities, that are more than 50 feet in height, require special exception approval by the Board subject to subsection 4102.4.Y(6).

Add new subsection 4102.4.Y(1)(e) to specify that wireless facilities are not required to comply with lot size or bulk regulations, as shown below.

Y. Wireless Facility

(1) The following standards apply to all wireless facilities:

(e) Wireless facility uses are not required to comply with the lot size requirements or the bulk regulations for the zoning district where they are located.

Revise subsection 4102.7.L(1) and add new subsection (3) to allow more than one residence for a manager or employee with approval of a special exception or special permit.

L. Residence for Manager or Employee

Standards when permitted by administrative permit:

(1) One accessory residence for a manager or employee is allowed in conjunction with a nonresidential use. The residence must be located within the principal structure.

Standards when permitted by special exception or special permit:

- (2) A residence for manager or employee may be located in a structure detached from the principal structure only if it is approved in conjunction with approval of another SE or SP use and if it complies with the applicable bulk regulations for a principal structure set forth in the specific district in which it is located. Any locational requirements set forth as additional standards for a special exception or special permit use are not applicable to detached structures occupied by dwelling units.
- (3) A nonresidential use may have more than one residence for a manager or employee only if approved in conjunction with approval of another SE or SP use.

Revise subsection 4102.7.N(4)(g) to clarify that short-term lodging is not permitted on the same property as an accessory living unit, as shown below.

- (4) The short-term lodging use is subject to the following use limitations:
 - (g) Short-term lodging is prohibited in a detached accessory structure, temporary family health care structure, affordable dwelling unit, and on a lot with an accessory living unit.

Revise subsection 4102.8.C, Construction Site Office and Storage, to delete subsection (7) and renumber the following subsection.

Revise subsection 5100.2.D(4)(b) to apply the side setback dimension for rear setback coverage for corner lots with existing single-family detached dwellings as of July 1, 2021, as shown below.

(4) Corner Lots

The following regulations apply to corner lots:

(b) Rear Setback

The rear yard must meet the minimum rear setback for the district or as proffered; however, for single-family detached dwellings that lawfully exist as of July 1, 2021, and future additions to these dwellings in the R-E, R-1, R-2, R-3, R-4, R-5, and R-8 Districts, the rear setback may continue to equal the dimension for the minimum side setback in effect before adoption of this Ordinance. On corner lots with dwellings lawfully existing as of July 1, 2021, in the zoning districts identified in this subsection, the minimum side setback dimension is used to determine the area subject to rear setback coverage limitations in accordance with subsection 4102.7.A(5).

Revise subsection 5100.2.D(4)(c)1 to correct a typographical error and revise subsection 5100.2.D(4)(c)3 to clarify the area to be maintained clear within the sight distance triangle, as shown below.

(c) Sight Distance Requirements on Corner Lots

Sight distance on corner lots must be maintained in accordance with the following standards:

- 1. The sight distance triangle is formed by the street lines of a lot and a line drawn between points established in accordance with the following (see Figure 5100.1 below):
 - For a lot having an interior angle of 90 degrees or more at the street corner: Points must be 30 feet from the property lines extended.
 - b. For a lot having an interior angle of less than 90 degrees at the street corner: Points must be 30 feet from the property lines extended, plus one foot for every ten degrees or fraction by which such angle is less than 90 degrees.
- Sight distance must be maintained between two horizontal planes, one of which is three and one-half feet, and the other ten feet above the established grade of either street (see Figure 5100.1 below).
- 3. This sight distance area, as described in subsection 2 above, must

be maintained clear of structures and plantings, except for a post, column, or trunk of a tree (not to include branches or foliage) equal or lesser than one foot in diameter.

Revise subsection 5100.2.D(5)(b)3 to delete "any," as shown below.

3. Open fire escapes, smokeproof enclosures, uncovered stoops and stairs, heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC) equipment, pool pumps, generators, and similar required features and equipment whether attached or detached may extend up to five feet into any minimum required setback if the individual feature is not more than ten feet in width and is not located within five feet of any lot line.

Revise subsection 5100.2.D(7)(a) to clarify that there are two front yards, as shown below.

(7) Setbacks on Through Lots

(a) The two yards lying between the principal building and the two or more abutting public streets are front yards and the minimum front setback applies, except as qualified in subsection (6) above for residential lots having reverse frontage, and when one of the public streets is an alley.

Make the following revisions: a) In subsection 5100.2.D(11)(e)1.b, replace the term 'Section' with 'subsection' in reference to subsection 5100.2.L(2); b) In subsections 5104.1.A(2) and 5104.3.B, replace the term 'subsection' with 'Section' in reference to Section 5105; and c) In the heading for Table 5108.2, replace the term 'Section' with 'subsection' in reference to subsection 5108.6.A(1).

Revise subsection 5101.8.A(2)(b)1.c to correct the cross-reference, as shown below.

1. The written notice may be sent by the owner at any time after the issuance of a building permit for the affordable dwelling unit and approval of the sales price for the unit by the County Executive. The Notice of Availability must:

- Be in the form prescribed by the Redevelopment and Housing Authority;
- b. Advise the Authority that a particular affordable dwelling unit or units are or will be completed and ready for purchase;
- c. Include the information described in subsection 5101.8.A(2)(a)1 above; and
- d. Provide marketing materials concerning the units and the development to be used in the sale of the units.

Revise Table 5109.1 to increase the maximum footcandles for recreational tennis courts to 50 fc, as shown below.

TABLE 5109.1: Maximum Permitted Levels of Illumination for Outdoor Recreation and Sports Facilities					
Facility or Use	Specific Lighted Area	Maximum Illumination Maintained (footcandles)			

Tennis courts (college and high school)		60			
Tennis courts (recreational)		50			

Revise subsection 6100.2.B(3) to clarify that the limitations on the amount of the front yard that may be surfaced area for a driveway or vehicle parking apply to lots containing 36,000 square feet or less and developed with single-family detached dwellings, as shown below.

- (3) On a lot with a single-family detached dwelling and containing 36,000 square feet or less, in the R-1 and R-2 Districts, no more than 25 percent of any front yard and in the R-3 and R-4 Districts, no more than 30 percent of any front yard may be surfaced area for a driveway or vehicle or trailer parking area. Surfaced area materials are defined in subsection 6100.2.C(3)(b) below. On a pipestem lot, the surfaced area within the pipestem driveway is not included in this limitation. In addition, these limitations may be exceeded for a surfaced area that is:
 - (a) Limited to two side-by-side parking spaces if the surfaced area is not more than 25 feet long and 18 feet wide;
 - (b) On a lot that has its primary access from a major thoroughfare and consists of two side-by-side parking spaces and a vehicular turn-around

- area as long as the surfaced area is not more than 25 feet long and 18 feet wide and the turn-around area does not exceed 150 square feet; or
- (c) Provided as an accessibility improvement as approved by the Zoning Administrator.

Revise Table 6100.3 to include a reference to Table 6100.2, as shown below.

TABLE 6100.3: Transit Station Area Minimum Required Off-Street Vehicle Parking Spaces				
Use	Minimum Parking Requirement 0 or 1 bedroom: 1.3 spaces per unit 2 bedrooms: 1.5 spaces per unit 3 or more bedrooms: 1.6 spaces per unit			
Dwelling, Multifamily and Stacked Townhouse				
Office	0 to 0.25 miles from a metro station entrance along an accessibl route: 2 spaces per 1,000 square feet of gross floor area More than 0.25 miles from a metro station entrance along an accessible route: 2.3 spaces per 1,000 square feet gross floor area			
All other commercial uses, except restaurants	80 percent of the parking rate established in Tables 6100.1 or 6100.2			
All other uses	As established in Table 6100.1			

Revise subsection 8100.1.B(1)(j)8 to clarify the owners of property under the original application must receive notice of an amendment, as shown below.

8. If the application seeks to amend a previously approved rezoning, PRC plan, final development plan, special exception, or special permit affecting a portion of a property, the hearing body or its representative must also send written notice at least 15 days before a hearing to all owners of property subject to the original application. However, this notice is not required if the Zoning Administrator determines the proposed change is to a component or lot that does not affect the rest of the development.

Revise subsection 8100.2.F(3)(i) to clarify that a minor modification of a PRC plan is allowed.

(i) Minor modifications to PRC plans may be approved in accordance with subsection 8100.5.

Correct the cross-reference in subsection 8100.7.C(1) to refer to subsection 8100.7.E, as shown below.

C. Uses and Activities Eligible for Minor Site Plans

(1) A minor site plan may be submitted in lieu of a site plan for a use listed below when the Director determines that the use will not require the improvements set forth in subsection 8100.7.E, that the improvements already exist, that the improvements may be made without a formal site plan, or that the improvements are not required in accordance with the Commercial Revitalization District provisions.

Correct the cross-reference in subsection 8100.10.A(2)(b)3 to refer to subsection 6100.2.B(2) for parking on unsurfaced areas.

3. Parking of vehicles on an unsurfaced area in the front yard of a single-family detached dwelling in the R-1, R-2, R-3, or R-4 Districts in violation of subsection 6100.2.B(2).

Add a special permit application fee of \$4,090 for Special Events in the Fee Schedule in Section 8102.

TABLE 8102.1: FEE SCHEDULE

This table includes standard fees related to approvals under the Zoning Ordinance. Additional fees may apply related to review or approval by other County departments or governmental or quasi-governmental agencies, or in accordance with Appendix Q of the County Code.

APPLICATION TYPE		FEE [1]
SPECIAL PERMITS [2]		
Standard fees for special permit	approvals are listed below.	
General Fee Unless Otherwise Listed		\$16,375
Accessory and Temporary Uses		
Accessory Living Unit	Special Permit	\$435
	Renewal Fee	\$70
Community Garden		\$435
Home Day Care Facility	\$435	

Home-Based Business	\$435
Special Event for longer than 21 days	\$4,090

In the Fee Schedule in Section 8102, Table 8102.1, modify the heading shown below to include previously approved applications.

TABLE 8102.1: FEE SCHEDULE

This table includes standard fees related to approvals under the Zoning Ordinance. Additional fees may apply related to review or approval by other County departments or governmental or quasi-governmental agencies, or in accordance with Appendix Q of the County Code.

APPLICATION TYPE

FEE [1]

AMENDMENTS TO PENDING AND PREVIOUSLY APPROVED APPLICATIONS AND EXTENSIONS OF TIME
[4][5]

Revise subsection 8104.3.B(3) to delete "required," as shown below.

(3) A dwelling reconstructed under this section may not result in any setback that is less than the setback in existence immediately before the casualty or that complies with the current minimum required setbacks, whichever is applicable. The Board may approve a special exception in accordance with subsection 5100.2.D(5)(d) to allow an extension into the minimum required setback for single-family detached dwellings that are destroyed by casualty.

Revise the definition for a generalized development plan in Section 9102 to correct the cross-reference from subsection 8100.7 to 8100.1.

Development Plan, Generalized

A required submission at the time of filing for an amendment to the Zoning Map for all districts other than a P district that generally characterizes the planned development of the subject lot. A generalized development plan must be prepared and approved in accordance with subsection 8100.1.

Revise the definition of a Lot in Section 9102, to include a requirement for it to be a contiguous parcel of land, as shown below.

Lot

A contiguous parcel(s) of land that is designated at the time of application for a special permit, a special exception, building permit, residential use permit, or nonresidential use permit, as a tract all of which is to be used, developed, or built on as a unit under one ownership. A parcel(s) of land will be deemed to be a lot, regardless of whether its boundaries coincide with the boundaries of lots or parcels shown on any map of record.

Revise the following subsections as shown below for the housing of livestock, including horses or ponies, as an agricultural operation: 9103.2 (definitions of Agricultural Operation and Riding or Boarding Stable), 9103.7 (definition of Limited Riding or Boarding Stable), 4102.2.A(1), and 4102.7.K(1), and add new subsection (1) under 4102.2.D.

9103.2:

Agricultural Operation

Any operation that is devoted to the bona fide production, harvesting, and sale of crops and other agricultural products, including livestock, dairy, aquaculture, poultry, horticultural, floricultural, viticultural, and silvicultural products, or the housing of livestock, as defined in Va. Code Sect. 3.2-6500. An agricultural operation may include agritourism uses, farm worker housing, and wayside stands as an accessory use.

The definition of agricultural operation does not preclude the keeping of livestock on parcels of two acres or more in size, as permitted by subsection 4102.7.J(3), or gardening and composting, as permitted as an accessory use.

An agricultural operation does not include a garden center, commercial stockyard/feed lot, landscape contracting services, on-site processing of agricultural products, riding or boarding stable, or the above-ground application or storage of sewage sludge.

Stable, Riding or Boarding

An establishment where horses or ponies, not including horses or ponies owned by a resident of the property, are kept, maintained, or boarded, or where riding lessons are made available to the general public or members of a private club. These services may be offered for a fee or free of charge. This use may include the hosting of events, competitions, exhibitions, or other displays of equestrian skills. The keeping of horses or

ponies as an accessory use in accordance with subsection 4102.7.J and subsection 4102.7.K is not considered a riding or boarding stable. Where a total of seven or more acres are devoted to activities meeting the definition of an agricultural operation, including the housing of horses or ponies, whether boarded or owned by a resident, it is an agricultural operation.

9103.7:

Limited Riding or Boarding Stable

A riding or boarding stable operated as accessory to a residence, where horses or ponies, not including those owned by a resident of the property, are kept, maintained, or boarded, or where riding lessons are made available to the general public or members of a private club. These services may be offered for a fee or free of charge. Where a total of seven or more acres are devoted to activities meeting the definition of an agricultural operation, including the housing of horses or ponies, whether boarded or owned by a resident, it is an agricultural operation.

4102.2.A(1):

A. Agricultural Operation

Standards when permitted by right:

(1) A minimum of seven acres must be dedicated to the production of an agricultural product, as defined in Va. Code Sect. 3.2-6400, or the housing of livestock, as defined in Va. Code Sect. 3.2-6500, unless a larger acreage is required by this Ordinance for a use related to an agricultural operation.

4102.7.K(1):

K. Limited Riding or Boarding Stable

Standards when permitted by right:

(1) On lots containing two to less than five acres, up to five horses may be boarded, and on lots containing five or more acres, up to eight horses may be boarded. Boarding of horses in excess of these numbers is deemed a riding or boarding stable and requires special exception or special permit approval. However, regardless of the lot size, if a total of seven or more acres are devoted to activities meeting the definition of an agricultural operation, including the housing of horses or ponies, whether boarded or owned by a resident, it is an agricultural operation and subject to the standards in subsection 4102.2.A.

New 4102.2.D(1):

D. Stable, Riding or Boarding

(1) Where a total of seven or more acres are devoted to activities meeting the definition of an agricultural operation, including the housing of horses or ponies, whether boarded or owned by a resident, it is an agricultural operation and subject to the standards in subsection 4102.2.A.

Revise the standard in subsection 4102.4.F(1) and the definition in subsection 9103.4 for a Community Swim, Tennis, and Recreation Club, as shown below.

4102.4.F(1):

F. Community Swim, Tennis, and Recreation Club
Standards when permitted by special permit:

(1) This use must limit membership primarily to residents of a designated area and their guests and must be under the control and direction of a board of managers composed, at least in part, of residents of the area. Additionally, the owner of the facility must be a nonprofit organization.

9103.4:

Community Swim, Tennis, and Recreation Club

An outdoor facility not operated for profit providing recreation facilities with membership limited primarily to residents of a designated area. This use must be under the control and direction of a board of managers that includes residents of the area served by the facility.

In subsection 9103.4.D, correct a typographical error and nest the definition of Regional Rail Transit Facility under Transit Facility, as shown below.

Transit Facility

A station and its associated pedestrian connections, bus bays, parking areas, service yards, and inspection yards associated with rail or non-rail transit systems, including but not limited to WMATA Metrorail and Virginia Railway Express (VRE) facilities. A transit facility does not include a facility containing only administrative offices operated by a transit facility authority or entity.

Regional Rail Transit Facility

A transit facility associated with a rapid rail transit system that serves only the Washington metropolitan region or parts thereof, including but not limited to WMATA Metrorail facilities.

In subsection 9103.5.A, revise the definitions for the Animal-Related Services category and a Kennel, as shown below.

A. Animal-Related Services

The Animal-Related Services use category is characterized by uses related to the provision of medical services, general care, recreation, exercise, and boarding services for household pets and domestic animals.

Kennel

An establishment primarily engaged in boarding, keeping, training, breeding, or handling dogs, cats, birds, or other small domestic animals for a fee. A kennel also includes recreation and exercise areas for dogs and other small domestic animals operated for a fee.

In subsection 9103.7, revise the definition of Accessory Structure, as shown below.

Accessory Structure

A building or structure that:

- 1. Is subordinate in purpose to, and customarily found in association with, a principal building or a principal use legally existing on the same lot; and
- 2. Contributes to the comfort, convenience, or necessity of the occupants, business, or industry of the principal structure or principal use served on that lot.

This amendment shall become effective on January 25, 2023, at 12:01 a.m.

GIVEN under my hand this 24th day of January, 2023.

Jill G. Cooper

Clerk for the Board of Supervisors